Appendix K

FINANCE YOUTH APPRENTICESHIP

ACCOUNTING SERVICES BASIC (UNIT 3)

Competency

1. Maintain accounts

Performance Standard Condition

Competence will be demonstrated

at the worksite and classroom

Performance Standard Criteria

Performance will be successful when learner:

- Select appropriate forms/records
- Identify each supplier, vendor, and/or customer account
- Complete necessary documents with regard to interest, discounts, freight, etc.
- Balance to control totals
- Verify information in subsidiary ledger for accounts payable or receivable
- Add, Edit, Verify and Query data in electronic files using accounting software
- Use appropriate computer codes, formatting, macros, charts, spreadsheets, etc.
- Prepare reports and monthly statements from accounts as required
- File forms/records in appropriate location

Learning Objectives

- Define Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP)
- Compare for-profit businesses and not-for-profit organizations
- Compare sole proprietorship, partnership and corporate forms of business
- Differentiate the cash method versus the accrual method of accounting
- Explain the difference between financial and management accounting
- Discuss the use of online and electronic banking procedures
- Demonstrate how electronic data is manipulated for accounting purposes such as in a spreadsheet system
- Distinguish between cash and accrual methods of accounting
- Compare and contrast basic accounting software packages, such as QuickBooks, Quicken, Peachtree, to company developed accounting systems.

Competency

2. Store financial records

Performance Standard Condition

Competence will be demonstrated

at the worksite and classroom

Performance Standard Criteria

Performance will be successful when learner:

- Maintain alpha-numeric filing system
- Code documents as required
- Retrieve and replace files in correct position
- Recognize forms
- Maintain record log
- Maintain electronic filing system
- Maintain security and confidentiality
- Verify data prior to entry/storage

Learning Objectives

- Define basic accounting concepts and terminology such as asset, liability, credit, debit, equity, accounts receivable, accounts payable, expense, withdrawal, invoice, receipt, etc
- Explain the record retention regulations as they apply to accounting documents
- Describe the various forms used in accounting such as invoices, statements, credit memorandum
- Explain how to locate and interpret data from accounting records or source documents such as promissory notes and discount notations
- List the legal guidelines for storage of accounting records
- Explain the procedure in place at your facility to ensure compliance of storage requirements
- Define basic security measures for financial records and files

Competency

3. Assist to process checks

Performance Standard Condition

Competence will be demonstrated

- at the worksite and classroom
- while working with a worksite professional

Performance Standard Criteria

Performance will be successful when learner:

- Select appropriate forms/records
- Determine amount to be paid
- Enter name of payee
- Enter amount of check using numerals
- Record amount of check using text
- Date check
- Obtain signatures
- Record check number into register
- Record amount of check into register
- Record payee into register
- · Record check number on invoice/document being paid and mark it paid
- Mail or disburse check
- File forms/records in appropriate location

Learning Objectives

- Demonstrate how to complete checks and check stubs
- Explain the procedures for properly endorsing a check
- Describe the purpose of the bank statement
- Define outstanding checks and deposits as they relate to the bank statement
- Describe common bank charges
- Discuss how to reconcile a bank statement to accounts

Competency

4. Process journal entries

Performance Standard Condition

Competence will be demonstrated

at the worksite and classroom

Performance Standard Criteria

Performance will be successful when learner:

- Select appropriate forms/records
- Determine journal to use in recording transaction
- Interpret information contained in source documents
- Determine account and amount to debit
- Determine account and amount to credit
- Enter date
- Enter debit and credit amounts
- Enter accounts debited and credited
- Enter source document and supporting comment
- File forms/records in appropriate location
- Entries are entered into the correct accounts for the correct amounts
- Entries are entered in proper format

Learning Objectives

- Identify account classifications
- Explain the purpose of journalizing
- Define business transactions
- Differentiate recordable versus non-recordable business transactions
- Define sources of accounting information from invoices, checks, statements, etc.
- Explain the principles and purpose of double-entry bookkeeping in the journalizing process
- Explain how to analyze transactions involving assets, liabilities and owner equity
- Define the rules of debit and credit to revenue, expense and withdrawals accounts
- Analyze transactions that affect revenue, expense and withdrawals accounts
- Describe how to record entries in special journals such as Cash Payments Journal, Sales Journal, etc.
- Describe how to total special journals
- Describe how to adjust for bad debts using direct write-off or allowance methods
- Explain the purpose of special journals

Competency

5. Post journal entries

Performance Standard Condition

Competence will be demonstrated

at the worksite and classroom

Performance Standard Criteria

Performance will be successful when learner:

- Select appropriate forms/records
- Determine ledger for posting
- Record debit journal entry into appropriate account
- Calculate and record new account balance
- Record appropriate information as post reference into journal
- Record credit journal entry into appropriate account
- Calculate and record new account balance
- Record appropriate information as post reference into ledger
- Verify accuracy of entries
- File forms/records in appropriate location
- Postings are entered accurately
- Posting references are entered in both general journal and general ledger
- All journals are balanced and proved
- Subsidiary ledgers equal control accounts

Learning Objectives

- Define the general ledger
- Describe where and how to record different pieces of information for posting from special to general and subsidiary ledger accounts
- Explain how to use and interpret multicolumn ledger rulings
- Discuss setting up ledgers using electronic spreadsheets like Excel
- Describe electronic posting methods
- Explain the use of posting references for tracing transactions
- Discuss the methods to prove accuracy of postings
- Identify asset accounts
- Identify liability accounts

Competency

6. Balance accounts after recording transaction

Performance Standard Condition

Competence will be demonstrated

at the worksite and classroom

Performance Standard Criteria

Performance will be successful when learner:

- Select appropriate forms/records
- Verify account activity accuracy
- Compare account records with physical documentation
- Complete reconciliation/trial balance document
- File forms/records in appropriate location
- Trial balance is in balance
- Trial balance is completed with correct account balances
- Trial balance is in proper form

Learning Objectives

- Define trial balance
- Describe methods to follow up on outstanding checks, including voiding and/or reissuing checks
- Describe the accounting processes surrounding credit cards and/or debit cards
- Explain how to locate and correct accounting errors such as transposition, incorrect debit/credit postings, incorrect account postings

Competency

7. Assist to prepare adjusting entries

Performance Standard Condition

Competence will be demonstrated

- at the worksite and classroom
- while working with a worksite professional

Performance Standard Criteria

Performance will be successful when learner:

- Note potential corrections/adjustments
- Determine adjusting entries to be made
- Discuss potential corrections/adjustments with appropriate parties
- Calculate adjusting entries
- Journalize and post corrections/adjustments
- Post adjusting entries
- Adjusting entries are calculated correctly
- Journal entries are journalized and posted correctly
- Worksheet has correct columns

Learning Objectives

- Explain the purpose of adjusting entries
- Explain how to locate and correct accounting errors such as transposition, incorrect debit/credit postings, incorrect account postings

Competency

8. Prepare worksheets

Performance Standard Condition

Competence will be demonstrated

at the worksite and classroom

Performance Standard Criteria

Performance will be successful when learner:

- Complete the trial balance of the worksheet
- Extend amounts from the Trial Balance to the Balance Sheet section and then to Income Statement section
- Calculate net income and net loss for the period
- Show net income or net loss in the appropriate sections of the worksheet

Learning Objectives

- Explain the difference between a worksheet and a balance sheet
- Define the purpose of the worksheet
- List the parts of the worksheet
- Calculate net income and net loss

Competency

9. Record receipts

Performance Standard Condition

Competence will be demonstrated

at the worksite and classroom

Performance Standard Criteria

Performance will be successful when learner:

- Select appropriate forms/records
- Determine type of receipt to be used (e.g., payment on account, current sales, etc.)
- Verify accuracy of receipt totals
- Account for petty cash
- Journalize receipt
- Journalize receipt related to cash accounts
- Post journal entry
- Prepare deposit
- File forms/records in appropriate location
- Cash Accounts are correctly balanced

Learning Objectives

- Describe the data to be entered on a deposit slip
- Compare a service and merchandising business
- Analyze transactions relating to sales of merchandise
- Compare resale to wholesale
- Define the variety of sales and cash receipt transactions
- Explain cash accounts
- Explain the internal controls for cash payments

Competency

10. Assist to prepare financial statements

Performance Standard Condition

Competence will be demonstrated

- at the worksite and classroom
- while working with a worksite professional

Performance Standard Criteria

Performance will be successful when learner:

- Select appropriate forms/records
- Identify all financial reports to be processed: income statement, balance sheet, cash flow statement, budget variance, statement of accounts receivable and payable, inventory-related accounts
- Input appropriate data and dates on financial reports
- Verify and print each report
- Distribute financial reports as required
- File forms/records in appropriate location
- Financial Statements are in proper format
- Financial Statements include correct accounts
- Financial Statements are completed with correct account balances

Learning Objectives

- Explain how a new business is financed to operate
- Explain a Balance sheet
- Identify Balance sheet accounts
- Describe the different types of financial statements
- Explain the purpose of the income statement, cash flow statement, owner's equity statement, and balance sheet
- Identify statement of owner's equity accounts
- Explain and compute the return on sales percentage
- Define liquidity ratio and its function
- Explain the purpose of financial ratios as they relate to financial statements
- List types of taxes required of businesses

Competency

11. Assist to process period end closing entries

Performance Standard Condition

Competence will be demonstrated

- at the worksite and classroom
- while working with a worksite professional

Performance Standard Criteria

Performance will be successful when learner:

- Select appropriate forms/records
- Identify all accounts to be closed
- Prepare documents necessary for closing worksheet
- Journalize and post closing entries to ledgers
- Prepare the post-closing trial balance
- Verify accuracy of closing entries
- File forms/records in appropriate location
- Closing Entries are complete with proper accounts in proper amounts
- Closing Entries are posted correctly
- Post-closing Trial Balance is in balance
- Post-closing Trial Balance is complete with correct account balances
- Post-closing Trail Balance is complete in the proper format

Learning Objectives

- Identify temporary and permanent accounts
- Explain the importance of updating accounts through closing entries
- Discuss how to prepare financial statements from complete worksheets
- Explain how to verify financial statements against worksheet
- Describe how to record and post adjusting and closing entries
- Explain how to locate and correct accounting errors such as transposition, incorrect debit/credit postings, incorrect account postings
- Define how to prepare a post-closing trial balance from the general ledger
- Explain the relationship between the Income Summary account and the capital account

Competency

12. Maintain fixed asset records

Performance Standard Condition

Competence will be demonstrated

at the worksite and classroom

Performance Standard Criteria

Performance will be successful when learner:

- Select appropriate forms/records.
- Calculate the cost of a fixed asset
- · Calculate and indicate life of asset
- Calculate and indicate asset depreciation schedule
- Prepare fixed asset label with necessary information (e.g., depreciation schedule, accounting codes, etc.)
- Update fixed asset record
- File forms/records in appropriate location

Learning Objectives

- Define asset and fixed asset
- Explain how to identify the cost of a fixed asset
- Explain the need to depreciate assets
- Identify the methods of depreciating fixed assets
- Determine the book value of an asses
- Identify internal controls for safeguarding fixed assets

Competency

13. Assist to process asset depreciation

Performance Standard Condition

Competence will be demonstrated

- at the worksite and classroom
- while working with a worksite professional

Performance Standard Criteria

Performance will be successful when learner:

- Select appropriate forms/records
- Verify asset listing is up to date
- Separate departmental capital asset listing
- Prepare a depreciation spreadsheet for each capital asset item within department
- Prepare a journal entry for department depreciation within capital asset classes
- Journalize and post
- File forms/records in appropriate location
- Fixed Asset account balances are correct

Learning Objectives

- Define capital assets
- Calculate annual depreciation of assets
- Calculate partial-year depreciation of assets
- Calculate the tax effects of various depreciation options
- Compare tax advantages associated with these options
- Explain how to deplete a fixed asset
- Identify limitations on depreciation of company items

Competency

14. Assist to process depreciation budget

Performance Standard Condition

Competence will be demonstrated

- at the worksite and classroom
- while working with a worksite professional

Performance Standard Criteria

Performance will be successful when learner:

- Select appropriate forms and ledgers
- Identify new assets within capital budget
- Verify when new assets will be capitalized
- Prepare a spreadsheet for all assets including new ones
- Calculate depreciation for each asset by month
- Total assets, depreciation and expense by department and item
- Prepare journal entries for depreciation by department monthly
- Enter depreciation into budget system
- File forms/records in appropriate location

Learning Objectives

- Compare the capital budget to other types of budgetary records
- Explain how the capital budget impacts the overall budget of a company